



Top Crop Nursery

Ornamental plug catalogue

www.superlawn.co.za or
www.topcropnursery.co.za



All our ornamental plugs are now grown in paper pots manufactured and filled by an Ellepot machine.

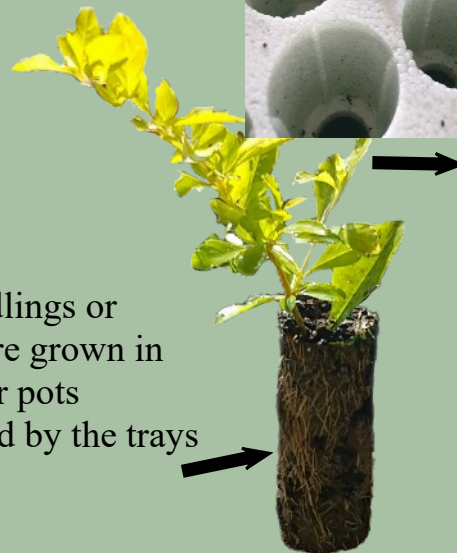
The large plugs are 38 mm in diameter and 100 mm deep



The paper pots are placed into a specially treated tray and sent to the nursery



The seedlings or clones are grown in the paper pots contained by the trays



Plugs are packed, refrigerated and shipped to all destinations nationally or internationally.





Top Crop Nursery

Ornamental plug catalogue

How to order



Contact

Wendy De Bruyn (Horticulturalist and sales manager) regarding availability of ornamental plugs and of tree, roses and grass.

0335691333 or cell 0835711887

Email.



If Wendy is not available speak to our grower Dave Hulley on

0335691333 or cell 0835603640

topcrop@superlawn.co.za



- Plugs are packed into boxes of various sizes.
- Plugs can be shipped door to door. Delivery prices on request
- Orders can be of mixed species and varieties
- Can be sent door to door in the trays. The tray will need to be purchased.



The following catalogue is only a guide of what is grown at Top Crop Nursery. They are only a selection and many other species are grown. Some are available off the shelf but contract growing will be done on order. Contact Wendy.

Note: All pictures that appear in this document have been taken by Top Crop and are subject to copyright and may not be used without written permission of Top Crop Nursery Partnership.

Abelia Francis Mason



Abelia x Grandiflora 'Francis Mason'

Known As Golden Abelia

Evergreen shrub. Grows to 1.5 meters.

Produces pale pink fragrant flowers in summer

Can be used as a hedge or left as a low maintenance shrub.

Anthericum sandersiae



Chlorophytum saundersiae (Baker) Nordal (= *Anthericum saundersiae* Baker)

Common names weeping anthericum (Eng.); watergras (Afr.).

Evergreen filler. Clumping habit.

Grows to 40 cm. Has pretty white flowers in Spring and Summer.

The white flowers attract butterflies, bees and other small insects.



Uses: Easy to grow

Can be planted in sun and in semi shade.

If it becomes untidy it can be cut back in winter and will grow back in spring

Asystasia gangetica



Asystasia gangetica (L.) T.Anderson subsp.
micrantha (Nees) Ensermu

Common Name: screeping foxglove (Eng.); Isihobo (Zulu)

This is a fast-growing, spreading, herbaceous groundcover that grows from 300 mm to 600 mm in height.

This ground cover thrives in semi-shade and will also grow in sunny spots if it receives adequate moisture.

Pretty white flowers in spring and summer. Grows in full sun and in semi shade. In nature *Asystasia* has developed a good relationship with the honeybee that pollinates the flowers.

Barleria repens Nees



Barleria repens Nees

Common names: small bush violet (Eng.); kleinbosviooltjie (Afr.), inzinziniba (Zulu)

Fast growing frost tolerant small shrub.

The small bush violet produces masses of pretty deep purple-mauve or pink-red tubular flowers that emerge in spring and summer. It is quite pest resistant and will handle light frost and fairly high temperatures.

Plant it in a large container, or on top of a low wall, where its foliage and flowers can cascade.

Bougainvillea Donyo



This is vigorous climber. It has bracts of large Pink Flowers in late spring.

Drought tolerant.

Frost sensitive

Can be planted in a pot and in a frost protected sites.

Bougainvillea Scarlet O Hara



Scarlet O Hara.

Also known as San Diego Red, the strong vine-like habit of Bougainvillea 'Scarlet O'Hara' bears masses of deep magenta-red flower-like bracts.

Is frost sensitive The plant grows well in pots. In pots is ideal for frost protected sites.

Drought tolerant.

Does well as a climber in frost free climates or in protected sites growing on the sunny side of a fence, pergola, trellis or old tree.

Great for creating a 'fedge', a hedge supported by a fence.

Bougainvillea Tropical



Tropical rainbow.

Variegated foliage. Cream green leaves
Rose pink blooms..

This variety is not as vigorous as other varieties of Bougainvillea.

It is ideal as a container plant kept in a frost free area.

Flowers almost all year round if kept in a warm place

Bougainvillea Lady Mary Baring



Bougainvillea 'Lady Mary Baring'

This is a vigorous and tough climber. It has large orange/yellow bracts and small white flowers. It is frequently used for covering fences, pergolas and walls,

.However is it useful as a groundcover to cover banks and and for flowing over retaining walls

Carpabrotus edulis



Carpobrotus edulis (L.) L.Bolus

Common names: Sour fig Cape fig
Hottentot fig.

This is a perennial succulent ground cover. It is low maintenance and has excellent drought resistance.

It does well in containers, rockeries, embankments and will cascade over terrace walls.

It has bright pink flowers.

It is useful as a first aid plant

Cuphea hyssopifolia White star



Cuphea hyssopifolia .var White star.
Common name: Mexican Heather

Origin: Mexico

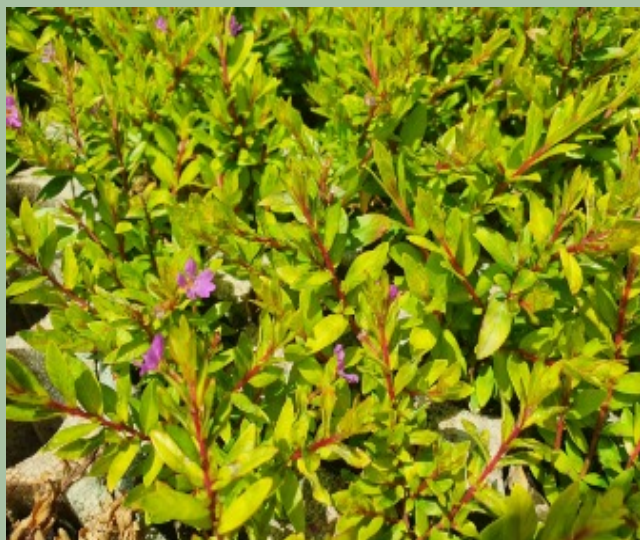
Plant size 30cm x 15 cm

White Star' has dark green foliage with white flowers in summer and autumn..

Stardust bush is a round ball-like bush has fine, twiggy growth with scrubby green foliage and is covered with small, star-shaped purple flowers. Both varieties flower prolifically for most of the year. It is fast growing,

All varieties are Semi Frost Hardy – Is
Able to Survive Moderately Low
Temperatures. Moderate Watering –
Requires Regular Watering.

Cuphea hyssopifolia Cocktail



Cuphea hyssopifolia 'Cocktail' has yellow-green foliage and purple-pink flowers. Flowers almost all year.

The species is used as a small shrub, a border or a low hedge.

Delosperma Peach



Delosperma N.E.Br.

Family: *Aizoaceae*

Common names: klipvygie,
rotsvygie

Delosperma 'Peach' is a bright-flowering variety formerly known as the Lampranthus family. It features stunning peach flowers in the spring/summer.

Flowering times are from August to January, depending on rainfall. The plants often flower sporadically throughout the season if rainfall persists. Flowers open at midday and close again in the late afternoon, but on overcast days they tend to remain closed.

Perfect for a rockery or as a ground cover. Grows best in a sunny position.

Indigenous to South Africa.

Dianthus deltoides



Dianthus deltoides Maiden pink

Family – *Caryophyllaceae*

Herbaceous perennial that grows to 20cm in height.

Produces masses of pink flowers. Excellent to decorate rocky areas and retaining walls.

Grows in a sunny position.

This mat-forming species with dark green leaves is one of the easiest to grow. Blossoms range from white to red and are usually single and without fragrance. Use as bedding or in rock gardens.

Erigeron karvinskianus



Erigeron karvinskianus Common Name(s): Fleabane, Mexican daisy, Santa Barbara daisy.

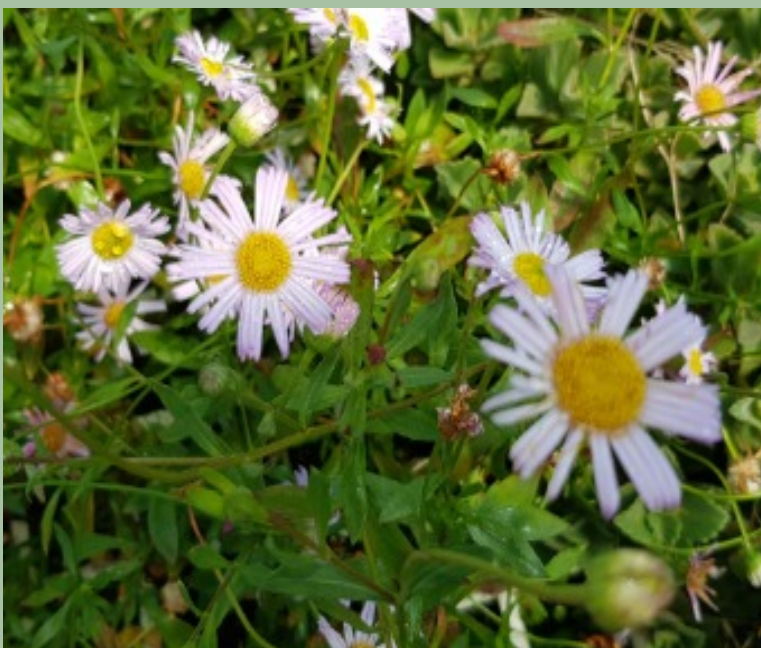
Of the aster family this plant is a low growing perennial with masses of daisy like flowers that show all summer. Flowers open white and fade to a pinkish colour.

It is frequently grown in crevices in walls or paving.

Also used as a ground cover. It is drought tolerant once established.

Full sun or slight shade.

Erigeron moerheimii



Erigeron x moerheimii - Pink Santa Barbara Daisy

A low growing perennial that is very similar to the Santa Barbara Daisy, *Erigeron karvinskianus* but does not spread as wide and has larger flowers that are a light pink.

Can be planted in containers and has a trailing growth habit.

Eugenia



Syzygium paniculatum or *Eugenia Australis*. Common name Brush cherry

Eugenia is a glossy leaved shrub or tree, which is often used as a hedge

Read more at Gardening Know How: Eugenia Care: How To Plant Eugenia In Containers And Gardens <https://www.gardeningknowhow.com/ornamental/shrubs/eugenia/growing-eugenia-plants.htm>

Evolvulus



Evolvulus glomeratus 'Blue Daze

Evolvulus is a genus of flowering plants in the Convolvulaceae, the morning glory family.

They are known generally as dwarf morning glories. Most all are native to the Americas

A perennial ground cover this plant is not hardy and will need care in the garden. Do not over water. It is quite useful if used pots or hanging baskets.

Prefers a more acidic soils but will tolerate a neutral environment.

Growth habit between 30 and 45 cm. Mid Summer, Late Summer/Early Autumn and mid Autumn.

Plant in full sun or partial shade Not

Felicia amelloides

Kingfisher Daisy



Felicia amelloides (L.) Voss

Family: Asteraceae

Small shrub of the daisy family that occurs naturally on the coast of South Africa.

Grows to 40 cm in height.

Flowers in spring and in summer.

The flowers are blue and resemble daisies.

Can be used as a ground cover.

According to SANBI It has been found to be hardy, fast growing, long-flowering and long-lived, more or less frost- and wind-resistant, needs only moderate water and little care.

Freylinia



Freylinia lanceolata

Common name: Honeybell.

Indigenous to South African.. This species Honeybell prefers damp ground, riverbanks and marshy areas.

It grows into a shrub to 2m. Produces beautiful creamy yellow scented flowers.

Attracts bees and butterflies.

Wind-resistant, frost-hardy and relatively pest-free, Freylinia lanceolata prefers a sunny spot in the garden. It fares equally well in summer and winter rainfall areas.

Prune this adaptable plant whenever necessary to keep it neat

Gaura lindheimeri Sparkle 2



Gaura lindheimeri

Common name: Butterfly bush

Of the evening primrose family

Produces sprays of long slender stems.

Cut back after flowering. Flowers throughout the year.

Grows to 60cm

Must plant in a sunny full sun position.

Gaura Lindheimeri, Siskiyou Pink, or Pink Gaura, has bright to dark pink flowers and a more compact, bushy growth pattern. Ideal if planted in pots.

Gazania New Day Bright



Gazania rigens

Common name: terracotta gazania
(Eng.); gousblom, botterblom,
rooi gazania (Afr.)

Indigenous to Namaqualand

Top crop nursery grows “New
Day Mixed”.

This is an evergreen groundcover.

Produces masses of brightly
coloured flowers throughout the
year.

Plant in a sunny position. Must
plant in well drained soils. Has
good drought tolerance

Gazania uniflora cream



Gelsemium sempervirens



Gelsemium sempervirens

Common name: Carolina jasmine

An evergreen rambling climbing creeper that can be trained against a fence.

Produces masses of scented yellow flowers in Winter/Spring.

Grows best in a sunny position.

Geranium multibloom



Geranium is a genus of 422 species of annual, biennial, and perennial plants that are commonly known as geraniums or cranesbills

Geranium multibloom Salmon produces masses of flowers in spring/summer.

Prefers a sunny position.

Does well in pots.

Requires a well drained soil.
Responds well to a balanced nutrient application.

It is advisable to prune the older flowers as this will stimulate new flowering.

Gerbera Single



Gerbera . is a genus of plants in the Asteraceae (daisy family).

Common name: Barberton daisy

Gerbera is very popular and widely used as a decorative garden plant or as cut flowers.

Gerbera can be use as a filler plant

It flowers prolifically in summer. Has large single flowers. Must grow in a sunny position.

Hebe wirii Icing Sugar



Hebe 'Wiri Icing Sugar'

This indigenous to New Zealand plant is evergreen and frost tolerant.

It grows into a small shrub of about 50cm .

Flowers in spring.

Grows in a sunny or semi shade position

Heliotropium Black Knight



Heliotropium is a genus of flowering plants in the borage family, *Boraginaceae*.

The plant is known for attracting bees and butterflies/moths. It has nectar/pollen rich flowers.

The shrub grows to 2 m. Has dark purple scented flowers. It is evergreen and prefers full sun.

Hibiscus Brilliant



Hibiscus is a flowering plant that grows well in warm temperate to subtropical climates.

Hibiscus Brilliant is a shrub that grows to 2-3 meters and produces red single flowers throughout summer.

They are not frost tolerant.

Must be grown in full sun

Jasminium polyanthemum



Jasminium polyanthemum

Common name: Chinese jasmine. Also known as pink jasmine or white jasmine

Evergreen climber Produces fragrant flowers in spring. Can grow in shade or full sun.

Juncus Spiralis



Juncus effusus 'Spiralis', the corkscrew rush. Also known as "Bed Springs".

Evergreen feature plant. Likes plenty water. Wetland plant.

Can grow in full sun or semi shade. Reaches about 30 cm.

Ideal for pots.

Kniphofia linearifolia



Kniphofia linearifolia

Common name Red Hot Poker

Indigenous to Kwa-Zulu Natal and eastern Cape and other parts of South Africa where it grows in marshy places and stream edges.

The plant produces a long flowering stem of about one meter with red / orange flowers from December to May.

Best if planted in groups. Best in full sun.

Lampranthus Pink



Lampranthus blandus (Pink Vygie) is a succulent, perennial shrub. The shrub can reach 60 cm tall.

Indigenous to South Africa it does well in most soils. Excellent in rocky areas. They are salt tolerant.

Leaves are a grey colour. Adapted to hardy conditions.

The plant is tolerant to short bursts of frost. In Spring and late Winter the plant produces masses of pink flowers

Lampranthus Red



Lampranthus blandus (Red Vygie) is a succulent, perennial shrub. The shrub can reach 60 cm tall.

Indigenous to South Africa it does well in most soils. Excellent in rocky areas. They are salt tolerant.

Leaves are a grey colour. Adapted to hardy conditions.

The plant is tolerant to short bursts of frost. In Spring and late Winter the plant produces masses of red flowers

Lavender Stoechus



Lavandula stoechas (French Lavender or Spanish Lavender) is a herbaceous shrub that grows 30cm to 90cm tall.

Grows well in ordinary or alkaline soils that are well drained. Must be established in full sun.

The plant flowers in late spring to late summer.

Excellent pot plant, but pot must be well drained. Careful watering is essential.

Leptospermum sunrise



Leptospermum scoparium (Tea Bush)

This hardy plant originates from Australia.

The tea bush grows from 1.5 meters to 3meters tall.

Must be planted in full sun.

Flowering is prolific in Winter and early Spring.

The plant is cold hardy and will tolerate temperatures as low as -7°C

The most suitable soils should be very well drained and prefers an acidic environment.

Ligustrum undulatum



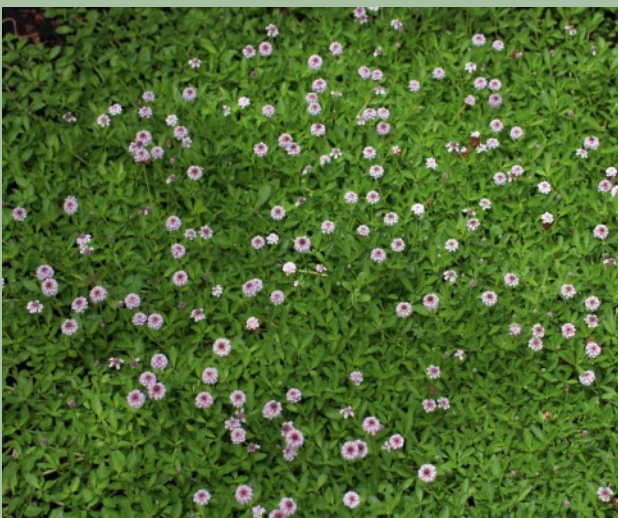
Ligustrum undulatum

This privet can grow to 2 m in height. Needs a well drained soil.

Best growth is achieved in full sun but will withstand partial shade.

Can be used as a background plant or as a hedge or border plant.

Daisy Lawn or Lippia repens



Phyla nodiflora (*Lippia repens* or *Daisy lawn*. This is a perennial ground cover. Sometimes used as a lawn.

It forms a green mat with pink- white flowers that bloom in spring till autumn.

Requires attention while developing but drought tolerant once established.

Sometimes used for erosion control.

Lysimachia nummularia aurea



Lysimachia nummularia 'Aurea' (Golden creeping Jenny, Moneywort)

This ground cover has attractive yellow leaves. Flowers in summer with single flowers that are cupped shaped and are bright yellow.

Best growth is in full sun but will withstand partial shade.

Very adaptable. Will grow in most soils. Used for Hanging baskets, pond and streams.

Normal water requirements.

Mazus White



Mazus reptans 'Alba' (White Mazus).

This low growing ground cover is Semi-Evergreen to dormant. Flowers are white in Spring and early Summer.

Grows in full sun and part shade.

Not drought tolerant and will need regular watering.

Ideal between pathways.

Melaleuca JHB Gold



Melaleuca Bracteata (Johannesburg Gold)

This shrub/ tree originates from Australia. Has adapted well in S.A.

Very adaptable and grows well in all types of soil.

Used for a hedging, as single shrubs and trees, and can be pruned into a myriad of shapes.

Osteospermum juncundum



Dimorphotheca jucunda *Osteospermum jucundum*
(*Osteospermum*) African daisy, Mountain or Blue Bietou.

This daisy plant can be used as a ground cover in hot dry poor conditions.

Grows in full sun. Can withstand coastal winds and is very hardy.

Long flowering from Spring through to Autumn.

This is one of the easiest plants to grow and has the ability to smother weeds.

Phlox McDaniels Cushion



Phlox subulata 'McDaniel's Cushion'

This variety is one of many low cushion effect covered by tiny flowers in late spring.

The variety has dark green flowers and bright pink flowers

Great for borders, or in rocky areas and in containers in full sun.

Plants reach 15 cm in height and can handle light foot traffic

Grow in well drained soils. The plant is reasonably drought tolerant once established.

Plectranthus



Plectranthus A South African indigenous plant of the mint family(Lamiaceae) SANBI have identified 44 species that are found on the East Coast of the country.

The plants are very useful for semi shade and cooler areas. They are very colourful and are very diverse with purple, pink ,white and mixtures of these making for a most attractive cover.

Used for ground covers and small shrubs.

The plant enjoys adequate water to show off but can survive during drought periods.

Some species can be very aromatic.

Plectranthus madagascarensis



Coleus madagascariensis (Pers.) A.Chev.
(= *Plectranthus madagascariensis* (Pers.)
Benth.)

A water-wise and attractive garden plant that provides colour in the garden particularly in semi-shaded areas

The flowers are white and tubular and are abundant in Autumn.

The cultivar 'Lynne' has variegated leaves which are green with a striking creamy-white to pure white margin.

This species in particular is well-adapted to dry conditions and could be classed as semi-succulent.

Plectranthus neochilus



Coleus neochilus (Schltr.) Codd (= *Plectranthus neochilus* Schltr.)

Common names: smelly coleus, blue coleus, lobster flower (Eng.); rotstuinsalie (Afr.)

This hardy plant makes an attractive groundcover even when the plant is not in flower and is suitable both for shady subtropical and sunny water-wise gardens.

The flowers are deep blue from September through to Autumn.

The plant thrives in hot dry areas.

Coleus neochilus prefers loam to sandy soil with good drainage and has relatively low water requirements.

Plectranthus zuluensis



Plectranthus zuluensis Common Name:
Common names: Zulu spurflower.

A easy to grow shrub for difficult shady gardens. Flowers in summer. Grows to 2 meters in optimum conditions.

Plant as a large ground cover under trees.

Frost and nematode sensitive in sandy soils.

Polygala myrtifolia

Polygala Dwarf



Common names: september bush (Eng.); septemberbossie, augustusbossie, blouertjie, langelede (Afr.); ulopesi, ulapesi, umabalabala (Xho.); uchwasha (Zul.)

Polygala myrtifolia is a common, widespread pioneer shrub with pretty mauve flowers on and off throughout the year with a peak in spring, hence the names Augustusbossie and September bush.

The plant is very adaptable and can be used in most gardens. It is tough and waterwise. It is able to grow in in most soils in full sun and into semi-shade. It requires little maintenance.

It is considered an evergreen shrub and grows from 600 mm to 1.8 meters in height.

A dwarf variety *Polygala dwarf* grows to a maximum of 90cm in height. Flowers late Spring through to Mid Summer.

Average water needs. Do not over water.

Polygala myrtifolia



Rhaphiolepis delacourii



Rhaphiolepis x delacourii

Origin Asia. Common name: India Hawthorn.

The plants have evergreen waxy deep green leaves. In spring clusters of pink flowers appear. These continue year round.

A shrub that grows slowly in full sun in hot positions. The shrub is drought tolerant and salt tolerant making it ideal for coastal gardens.

Prefers well drained soils.

It grows well from the coast into cold inland areas and is tolerant of frost.

Optional use is that it is suitable for standards that are pruned into round shapes.

Pruning should be done before Autumn so that flowering is not affected.

Rhododendron Magenta



Rhododendron A species of woody plants in the heath family, either evergreen or deciduous, and found mainly in Asia.

R. magenta flowers late spring. Prefers semi-shade and acid soil. Similar to Azaleas Rhododendrons are evergreen and have broader, more leathery leaves than Azaleas.

Rhododendrons are delicate and only grow successfully on south-east-facing aspects. Ideally they do best in a spot that receives soft morning sun, but then prefer shade for the rest of the day.

They prefer a misty climate and require a cooler climate.

Plant under trees or close to a roof cover.

Rosemary Italian



Salvia rosmarinus, commonly known as Rosemary, is a woody, perennial herb with fragrant, evergreen, needle-like leaves and white, pink, purple, or blue flowers, native to the Mediterranean region.

The rosemary with a dark blue flower is the Italian Rosemary which grows upright like a conifer.

Rosemary is used as an ornamental plant in gardens. It is drought tolerant.

Prefers a well drained loam soil in full sun. It grows best in neutral to alkaline conditions (pH 7–7.8)

Salvia Cream



Salvia 'Clotted Cream'

Salvia clotted cream produces large creamy like flowers throughout summer that attract bees.

Use as a ground cover/border in full sun in well drained soils.

Will suffer foliage damage and stem dieback in harsh winters in cold gardens. Plant can withstand temperatures down to -10°C

As with all salvias, this variety is ideal for drought tolerant planting schemes. A long flowering season and popular with pollinators, it is easy to see why Salvias are growing in popularity!

Salvia Gregii x Microphylla Marshmallow



Salvia greggii x microphylla

The Marshmallow variety produces flowers of a marshmallow pink colour.

A small shrub 40 to 60 cm in height.

Grow in full sun.

Hardy in Summer and in Winter

See Salvia Clotted Cream above.

Salvia Silis Dyson



Salvia Silis Dyson

A small perennial shrub 40 to 60 cm in height.

Grow in full Sun to partial shade

Hardy in Summer and in Winter

Flower Color: Red, Other: Scarlet, Crimson, Dark red, Bright red.

See Salvia Clotted Cream page 23

Sisyrinchium Blue -Eyed Grass



Sisyrinchium angustifolium Common Name: Blue-eyed grass. Origin, North America

It is a clump-forming perennial that features a tuft of narrow grass-like leaves

It is noted for its violet-blue flowers and branched flowering stems.

Suitable with medium moisture, well-drained soil in full sun to part shade.

Uses: Ground cover that is suitable for borders, rock gardens and as an edge plant for paths or walkways.

Plants should be divided every few years to keep the plants vigorous.

Spiraea_arguta



Spiraea x arguta (S. x multiflora x S. Thunbergii) Common name: Garland Spirea

Very popular deciduous woody shrub, great for any garden, It is dense growing, medium sized shrub with arching branches.

Grows up to 1.8 m in height.

White single flowers.

Grows in Sun to Light Shade.

Requires a well drained, moist, neutral to acid soil.

Streptosolon jamesonii



Streptosolen jamesonii Marmalade bush

FLOWERS This plant carries rich orange and yellow flowers for many months from winter into spring. The plant flowers profusely over a period of several weeks and produces nectar in abundance.

In winter, they need protection. Even though some plants may take brief and light frost, they are best brought indoors for the winter. The plants grow best in part shade but can tolerate full sun with sheltered exposure. They also grow well indoors when placed in a sunny spot or under horticultural lamp.

Grows best in a pH Range: 5.5 to 6.5 in a Sandy Loam to Clay Loam. Requires: Normal to Moist watering.

Sutera



Chaenostoma cordatum (= *Sutera cordata*) Common names: Trailing phlox

This plant is an evergreen perennial herb grows to about 300 mm. This species is found from George in the southern Western Cape to East London in the Eastern Cape.

Sutera requires rich well- drained soil with regular watering.

It can be grown both inland and at the coast, and can survive temperatures as low as -1° C, but in cold regions will die down completely in winter

This plant with its white flowers and yellow centres is pollinated by bees.

Tecoma Buff



Tecomaria capensis :
Cape honeysuckle,
tecomaria (Eng.);

Indigenous, Cape honeysuckle can be planted in semi-shade to full sun. It is attractive as garden plant is a popular garden shrub and is often planted specifically to attract birds and butterflies to the garden. It is also commonly planted as a hedge.

Cape honeysuckle is a fast growing, shrub which can grow up to 2-3 m in

Other varieties available from Top Crop from time to time are: Tecomaria Yellow and Tecomaria Luminous orange.

height. The flowers that are tubular shaped are varied in colour from yellow, orange, red and shades of these.

Best grown in sandy loam soil with a neutral pH.

The plant is drought resistant

The flowers attract birds and bees.

Tecoma Red



Best areas for growing in SA are coastal Summer rainfall,

Coastal Winter rainfall frost free,

Summer rainfall Karoo and Highveld Frost in Winter.

Bushveld summer rainfall light frost.

Buff Gold above has golden orange blooms.

Tecoma Red left has almost tomato-red flowers.

Trachelospermum-Jasminoides



Trachelospermum jasminoides
Common name: Star jasmine.

Origin is China.

This plant is an evergreen creeper that can also be trained into a shrub and is extensively used as a ground cover.

This fast growing plant produces masses of star like white flowers around late spring. The flowers have a strong pleasant fragrance.

Grows in full sun and also in semi shade.

Requires a well drained soil. Can withstand acidic to alkaline pH range. Once established the plant has good drought tolerance. It grows easily throughout South Africa and is hardy to all but severe frost, tolerating temperatures up to -5°C . In cold regions plant in a sheltered area of the garden.

Viola odorata Common Name: English Violet is a perennial ground cover with purple, pink or white flowers.

Viola odorata

This plant is at its best in light shade but will handle full sun in cooler climates.



Violets act as a trap crop for insects luring them away from other plants.

The flowers can be eaten and used for cake and pudding decorations. Violet oils are used in scents, perfumes and bath oils.

Used as a ground cover.

Requires The soil that the Viola is planted in should be organically enriched. Plants like a soil that is of pH 5.5 to 7, deep, and moist. Prefer a rich organic soil.